horses, 2 per cent. are reported as having died from diseases during the year, while the losses of cattle were 8.1 per cent; of sheep, 4.8 per cent, and of swine, 12.8 per

cent.; last year's percentages being 2.2, 4.2, 5.5 and 9.2. The losses of swine were heav-

BUNCOED BY A WOMAN.

Grave Senators Taken In by a Pretty

Female's Tale of Woe.

WASHINGTON, April 10.-A number o

susceptible Senators and Representatives

have been badly buncoed by a young and

pretty woman, who is said to be a Phila-

delphian. She has been seeking victims

the fact that she is a swindler has just

come to light. The woman in question wears

widow's weeds and represents herself to be

the relict of a Cuban patriot who was killed

She solicited small donations, and, as she selected as victims Congressmen who were known to favor the Cuban cause, she seldom

case. He claims to have learned that the

by a bright-faced boy about ten years of age whom she represented as her son. He is said to be the child of the bogus widow's

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.

Members of the House Will Consider

Immigration Measures.

ten request of members interested in

WASHINGTON, April 10 .- Mr. Grosvenor,

bassage of an immigration bill. No other

bject will come up, Mr. Grosvenor says.

One, of which Mr. McCall, of Massachu-setts, is the author, provides for an educa-

admission to this country. Recent reports from the immigration officials in New York

undesirable, have aroused some of the Re-publican leaders to action. The caucus is

called to determine whether the Republicans will take up the immigration question and what plans, if any, they will adopt.

Election "Expenses" Cut Down.

WASHINGTON, April 10.-House elections

committee No. 3, in pursuance of its policy

of reducing the claims for expenses in

but Congress has in several instances

granted larger amounts, the last Congress

riving \$4,500 to each party in a contested

of the committee to in no case approve claims for more than the statutory amount.

To Give Commissioners More Power.

WASHINGTON, April 10 .- The House com-

employ a stenographer to take testimony.

Under the provisions of the bill the judge or

clerk of any United States court shall have power to issue and enforce obedience to a writ of subpena, summoning persons to ap-

pear and testify before a representative of

Age of Consent Bill Dead.

WASHINGTON, April 10 .- The age-of-con-

sent bill, which has been supported by

diciary, and is dead for this Congress. The

the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States from sixteen to eighteen years, and

to fix penalties ranging from one to fif-teen years' imprisonment for males who

Ruth Cleveland Has the Measles.

running its course in the President's family

and this morning Ruth, the first born, con-

gressing rapidly toward recovery, and so far baby Marion has not shown signs of

General Notes.

Given was to-day appointed postmaster at

Americus, Tippecanoe county, vice Charles

The bill to grant a franchise for an elec-

tric railroad through Yellowstone Park was

considered by the Senate committee on Ter-

ritories to-day, and an adverse report or-dered. The vote stood 3 to 5.

The Senate committee on Territories to-day authorized a favorable report on the bill providing for a delegate in Congress from the Territory of Alaska.

The treasury to-day lost \$236,200 in gold coin and \$44,700 in bars, which leaves the true amount of the gold reserve \$127,634,484.

Representative Meikeljohn to-day reported from the committee on Indian affairs his bill to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquurs to

WASHINGTON, April 10.-George

tracted the disease. Little Esther is

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

Leffler, resigned.

WASHINGTON, April 10.-The measles is

ble to-day by the House committee on

The law provides for an allowance

contested cases, has reached a decision

Warmer: fair; showers.

One Mackintosh Beats Two Umbrellas

And right now, in wet and windy April, is the time to wear one. 54-inch Tricot, velvet collar, box Mackintosh, \$6.50.

Other fine grades, \$7.50, \$10, \$12 and \$15.

Our \$15 silk-lined Inverness Mackintosh, to be worn with full dress, is quite a stylish creation.

To-Day's Tam O'Shanter Sales

Boys' and Misses' Tam O'Shanters, 35c value, at 25c; 50c value for 39c; 75c value for 47c.

Finest \$1.50 Tam O'Shanters for 97c.

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93, 95, 97 and 99 S. Meridian Street.

Notion Department

Biscuit Platt Vals, Biscuit Muslin Vals, Antoinette Vals, Raised Vals,

Demi Florence Vals.

Recent Importations of Laces, Including Beuvie Point de Venise.

Biscuit Point de Venise. and Linen Colored Laces in sets | fession alleged to have been made by murto match.

BOWLING

CHAMBERS

. . HAS THEM . .

59 North Pennsylvania Street.

ROBBED ON BROADWAY

STORY TOLD BY A CLERK WHO CAR

RIED \$2,015 IN A SATCHELL.

Walter Price Arrested on Suspicion of

Being in League with a Thief-

His Companion's Evidence.

NEW YORK, April 10.-Walter Price, wh

arried a satchel containing \$2,015, was at-

acked by a highwayman on Broadway this

afternoon and robbed of his valuable pack-

age. The money belonged to the Gleason

Lamp Manufacturing Company. The thief

made his escape, but Price was arrested.

After he had been in jail some time Price

made to detective Caddell what the police

believe to be a confession of guilt. He told

the detective that while he was on his way

to the Astor-place Bank he met a man

way back. As the two met, Price said,

Duffy or some one struck him a blow which

dazed him, and on recovering his senses he

turned and saw Duffy running away with

tive also learned from Price that he had

been greatly in need of money lately be-

cause of his relations with a young woman

James Scott, seventeen years old, also a

clerk for the Gleason Manufacturing Com-

pany, was with Price when the robbery was

the stories they told the police differed.

Scott made the following statement to Cap-

tain O'Brien: "I have been in the employ

the pay roll. I always take some one with

me. About six months ago Price was with me, and he accompanied me again last

week. This morning Price, who worked in the basement, asked me to let him go to

the basement, asked me to let him go to the bank with me to-day. He said that if I was going he would like to go with me. I took him along. After I got the money and we started for the store he asked me to let him carry the satchel. We came down

Lafayette place and turned through Fourth

street to Broadway. At the corner of Great Jones street there was a crowd look-

ng at a man painting. Price said, 'Let'

ook at the bicycles in the windows.' We opped, and suddenly he fell against the

rabbed the satchel from his hand. Then e said, 'Let's go through Fourth street

and see if we can find the man.' We ran

brough Fourth street, but could see no

Scott was released to-night after promis-

ing to appear as a witness against Price when called upon.

Alleged Train Robber.

is thought to be Robert Bell, and who is

supposed to be one of the robbers who held

up the Frisco train at Sleepy Hill, Mo.,

April 1, has been arrested at Litchfield, Ill.

He was taken after a desperate struggle with a posse of officers, during which he

was shot in the arm. He refuses to tell the

authorities anything about himself, but from information received at the Wells-

Fargo Express Company's office to-day Bell answered the description of one of the rob-

bers. Two men who were with him es-

VALUED AT \$628,689,505.

Mineral and Metal Production of the

United States Last Year.

ected for the Mineral Industry, the annual

and metal production of the United States

for 1895 amounted in value to \$628,689,505. The

increase over 1894 was \$84,226,500, or 1516 per

cent. For many of the articles included the

gold produced last year was 2, 265,612 fine unces, having a total value of \$46.830.200

The increase over 1894 was \$7,068,995 and last

year once more put the United States in

the front rank as a producer. The silver made was 46,331,235 ounces, and the commer-

of 3.515,640 ounces from 1894. The pig tru

value was \$30,254,296; this is a decrea

the United States takes first position as a

nore than Great Britain, its nearest compet-

ing this country very near the tonnage of

Great Britain and showing a gain of 28,468,-

itor, and about 3,600,000 more than German

which stands third. Nearly all through

er, having made about 1,900,000 tons

ST. LOUIS, April 10 .- A man whose name

ow and cried that the satchel was

He said some one hit him and

committed. Both boys were arrested, as

in Harlem.

named Duffy. He met the same man on his

Ladies' Leather, Tinsel and Silk Belts, Belting, Belt Buckles and Belt Pins. High Novelties in Japanese and Vienna Fans, in the "Empire shape." All stocks of Underwear, Hosiery, White Goods, Draperies, Embroideries, Parasols and Umbrellas complete for delivery. Sole agent for the "Premier" Ladies Shirt Waists. Fit, finish and fabric guaranteed

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GREENCASTLE, TERRE HAUTE, PAR-IS. MATTOON, LITCHFIELD, ALTON

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LOCAL INDIANAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS SLEEP-ERS on *11.20 p. m., from Indianapolis, and *7.55 trains from St. Louis. Passengers for St. Louis can retire if they desire at 9:00 p. in. Those from St. Louis can eleep undisturbed until 7:00 a. m. Agents, No. 1 East Washington street, 36 Jackson place and Union Station.

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*Indicates Daily including Studay.

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BEST LINE TO

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DAYTON, TOLEDO and DETROIT. LEAVE INDIANAPOLIS.

innati, Toledo, Detroit, Fast Line, daily... 7:45 am the bag containing the money. The detectionali, Dayton, Toledo and Detroit Express, except Sunday.
Incinnati Fast Express, ex. Sunday.
Incinnati Accommodation, ex. Sunday.
Lincinnati, Dayton, Toledo and Detroit Vesti-ARRIVE INDIANAPOLIS.

11:15 am; 9:15 am; 11:45 a. m; 3:35 pm; 7:45 pm; 10:55 Fer further information call at No. 2 West Washington street, Union Station or No. 134 South Illinois street.

GEO. W. HAYLER, D. P. A.

D. G. EDWARDS, G. P. A.

MONON ROUTE of the Gleason Manufacturing Company for

SHOLTEST LINE TO CHICAGO THE WEST AND NORTHWEST

Pullman Vestibule Train Service. Trains leave daily at 11.50 noon and 12.25 night. rive Chicago 5.30 p. m. and 7.20 a. m. have Chicago daily 12.40 noon and 8.30 p. m. rive Indianapolis 6.10 p. m. and 3.25 a. m. tion (except Sunday) leaves 4.00 go Sleeper at west end Union Station, ready at

Detailed Information at Union Station and 2 West ashington street. GEO. W. HAYLER, D. P. A.

5 Per Cent.—Loans—5 Per Cent. Loans in large sums on business property at 5 per ent, promptly made in large cities and towns only. C. S. Warburton,

HARRISON'S SUMMER HOME.

26 Lombard Building.

Camp in the Fulton Chain of Lakes Will Be Ready in June.

UTICA, N. Y., April 10.-Guide D. Perry and a gang of men are preparing for the construction of General Harrison's summer home on the Fulton chain of lakes. The camp will be in readiness in June, and will then be furnished preparatory to the visit of the General and his wife, who are expected to pass at least two months in that Adirondack resort. The Harrison camp will be located on the shores of the neck of water which connects First and Second lakes and will front on First lake, looking down to the landing at Old Forge. In its rear will tower Bald mountain, while from the mountain side near-by the visitor can enjoy a view of several lakes of the chain. The camp will be what is termed a villa, several ouses connected, and while it will not be built for show, it will be substantial and

RIOTERS SENTENCED.

One Imprisoned for Life and Another

Given Sixteen Years at Hard Labor. BUFFALO, N. Y., April 10 .- Sentence was passed to-day upon the men convicted of the murder of Captain Phillips, the canal boatman, and his son, at Tonawanda last fall. Capt, George Hyde was sentenced to Auburn prison for life. Captain Graves, who pleaded guilty to manslaughter in the first degree, was given sixteen years at hard labor. Irving Collins and John Quirk were condemned nd Riley to four months in the same instifor the same offense. Lester, who d guilty to taking part in an unlawful

H. H. HOLMES IMAGINES HE HAS CHANGED INTO THE DEVIL.

He Says He Was Born with Satan in Him, and that Now His Form Resembles the Evil One.

THE MURDERER'S CONFESSION

ICKENING NARRATIVE OF MANY BLOOD-CURDLING ATROCITIES.

He Admits Being Author of Twenty-Seven Murders, and Exhibits Little Sorrow for His Victims.

MUTILATED HIS BOY MERELY TO

SATISFY HIS CRUEL DESIRES

Reasons for Writing the Story of His Life-Grewsome Relies to Be Sent to Mrs. Pitezel.

PHILADELPHIA, April 10.-The North American of this city will to-morrow print Also includes Ivory, White what purports to be sentences from the condered H. H. Holmes. Among other things, the story says: "In prefacing the confession, which covers in full nearly three newspaper pages written in Holmes's own handwriting and detailing with a minuteness that is simply at times revolting, the arch mutilator and author of twenty-seven murders, as he admits himself to be, states with something like pathos that he does so simply that he may obtain enough money to educate his boy. Holmes writes of his bloodcurdling atrocities with an abandon that simply appalls one. Not one grain of reof that document and never for a moment, except in two isolated cases-one where he refers touchingly to the memory of Minnie Williams and another time, when he pathetically speaks of an outrage perpetrated on his boy-does the redeeming element, pity, figure in the case. Regret is never for a moment expressed and he comes out boldly and without compunction in his very opening with the statement, 'I was born with the devil in me.' Even now he believes that the evil spirit is the guiding genius of his destiny. He believes that he is fully under the spell of the damned and, despite the assertions to the contrary, that he is receiving the attentions of a minister of God and is gradually becoming imbued with the spirit of forgiveness and religion, he feels that he is lost hopelessly. He even goes further. He asserts that he is gradually changing in appearance, in figure, that his face is becoming distorted and he sees, whether in the distortion of his bloody imagination, which conjures up hosts of vengeance-calling dead, or not, his face assum-

ing the look, the eyes, the leer, and the

very airs, the exact similitude of the pic-

tures of Satin themselves.

THE DEVIL WAS HIS SPONSOR. " I was born with the devil in me,' says he in one part of his confession. 'I could not help the fact that I was a murderer no more than the poet can help the inspiration to song nor the ambition of an intellectual man to be great. I was born with the evil one standing as my sponsor beside the bed where was ushered into this world, and he has been with me since. The inclination to murder came to me as naturally as the inspiration to do right comes to the majority of persons. Where other's hearts were touched with pity, mine filled with cruelty, and where in the others the feeling was to save life ! reveled in the thought of destroying the same. Not only that, I was not satisfied in taking it in the ordinary way. I sought devices strange, fantastical and even grotesque. It pleased my fancy. It gave me play to work my murderous will, and I reveled in the with the enthusiasm of any alchemist who is hot on the trail of the philosopher's stone, "'This inclination,' continues Holmes, came to me early in life. I remember when a mere lad my ambition was to study meditwo years and eight months. I go to the olsonous gases; that I might fully become an expert in handling them. I am convinced that since my imprisonment I have changed woefully and grewsomely from what I formerly was in feature and in figure. If you look at my picture when I was first taken into custody in Boston, nearly two years ago, and look at my face now, you may begin to observe something of what I mean. I mean, in fact, that my features are assuming nothing more or less than a pronounced satanical cast; that I have become afflicted with that disease, rare but terrible, with which physi-

> formity so marked that in many cases men are made to assume likenesses to the inferior HIS FORM CHANGING. " The horror of the thing did not pall on me, for it was quite in keeping with my nature, and like a true medical student I began to study the new conditions that had arisen. From what I can see I believe fully that I am growing to resemble the devil; that the osseous parts of my head and face are gradually assuming that elongated shape so pronounced in what is called the degenerate head and that the similitude is almost completed. In fact, so impressed am I with this belief,' continued Holmes, 'that I am convinced that I have

clans are acquainted, but over which they

seem to have no control whatever. That

disease,' says he, 'is a malformation or dis-

tortion of the osseous parts, causing de-

no longer anything human in me.' "Holmes's confession from this on speaks of his early experiences of his boyhood on the farm up in Vermont and the life he led, until he entered the college to study medicine in Michigan. It was not until after he NEW YORK, April 10 .- The statistics col- was graduated, fully equipped with the knowledge of persons and the easiest way statistical supplement of the Engineering to sever the simple thread of life that and Mining Journal, and published in the Holmes began his career as a murderer ssue of April 11, show that the total mineral and mutilator. When he began, he admits himself, he was ruthless and never once halted until he took twenty-seven lives. 'And I would have committed six other murders,' he added, 'had not certain occur-

revolting and disgusting crimes this arch sneaks of in a chapter devoted to his boy, the son of his first wife. The only explanation he offers is that he did it simply to gratify his love for mutilation. 'It was shortly after I was married,' he declares, 'and our boy was then but a youngster. I called him in from the road, where he was frolicking about like an innocent with a lot of other lads, and took him out to a rear barn. I don't know what possessed me, but I took a surgical knife with me. It was simply the craving of the murderer within me that inspired me to make a stb-

abandon, and with here and there an expressed sigh of regret, Holmes then tells how he went through the operation of mutilating his own son. Finished with that, Holmes felt satisfied and did not murder his boy outright."

MRS. PITEZEL WILL GET THEM.

Relies That Figured in the Holmes

Trial to Be Sent to Galva, Ill. PHILADELPHIA, April 10.-Assistant District Attorney Barlow to-day announced that all the gruesome relics that figured in the trial of H. H. Holmes for the murder of Benjamin F. Pitezel will be shipped to Mrs. Pitezel, at Galva, Ill., as soon as the law has finally disposed of the murderer They will include, besides Pitezel's picture, the fragmentary remains of the three murdered children. Mrs. Pitezel, within the past few days, requested her counsel here to ar-range for the shipment so that she might give decent interment to what was left of give decent interment to what was left of her dead little ones. She also inquires if she cannot obtain all or part of the money taken from her by Holmes while he was taking her about the country. This is interesting, in view of the statement that Holmes has received a large sum for his alleged confession. Mrs. Pitezel's counsel would not state whether any judgment would be entered against Holmes, but it is believed nothing will be done. Mrs. Pitezel also inquires if steps cannot be taken to compel lawyer Jeptha I. Howe, of St. Louis, Holmes's alleged coconspirator in the insurance swindle, to return \$2,500 she alleges he obtained from her. Her counsel is now considering just what steps to take in both these matters.

OUR CONSUL-GENERAL AT HAVANA SAID TO HAVE BEEN KILLED,

And His Body Dragged Through the Streets of the Cuban Capital-Maceo Also Reported Dead.

NEW YORK, April 11.-A dispatch to the Herald from Madrid says: Rumor is cursul-general Williams, chief representative of the United States in Cuba, has been murdered in Havana and his body dragged through the city in consequence of this report, but the authorities have no knowledge of any such event.

It is rumored that Maceo is dead and that in battle yesterday the rebels lost five hundred men. No confirmation of these reports can be obtained.

A FORTUNATE WOMAN.

Mrs. Harriet Spofford Childs Awarded \$1,000,000 by an English Court.

NEW YORK, April 10 .- Mrs. Harriet Spofford Childs is one of the heirs to the English estate of Lord John Holt, which has been in chancery for half a century. She has received notice, she asserts, that by a recent decision of an English court, she will receive at least \$1,000,000 as her share of the property. She is the widow of Dr. Samuel R. Childs, at one time health officer of this port and an eminent physician. Dr. Childs was the physician and chief advisor Stephen Holt, a nephew of Lord Holt, who built the United States Hotel and owned much suburban property. Stephen bequeathed one-tenth of his estate to Dr. Childs. Dr. Childs and his wife went to England in 1850 with letters of introduction from President Fillmore, Henry Clay and Daniel Webster. Mrs. Childs was presented to the Queen and afterwards, in Paris, danced with Napoleon.

"PAPER COLLAR JOE."

of the Most Notorious Swindlers

in the Country Arrested. NEW YORK, April 10.-Joseph Griganski, forty-eight years old, is locked up in the combs on the charge of grand larceny. swindlers on the two continents, and is kwown variously as Joe Bond, James Kahn and F. C. Cray, but to the police of the United States and Europe he is best known as "Paper Collar Joe," buncoe steerer and "green-goods" swindler. He has served terms of imprisonment for his crimes, but his sentences have usually been short ones. As a rule, he has been able to keep out of serious trouble, and has netted thousands of dollars by means of his schemes. By his wits he has been able to swindle some of the most prominent millionaires in the country, Collis P. Huntington, it is said having been a victim to the amount of cine, that I might know the relative effects of \$40,000, and the late William H. Vanderbilt Griganski was arrested charged with working a confidence game in connection with a confederate, upon John Hanford, of Ithaca, N. Y. A check of and a small amount in cash were se

Griganski was born in Philadelphia. convicted of swindling and was senenced to one year in Cherry Hill prison He was subsequently heard of in various parts of the country, and in 188 \$5,000. He is the inventor of the wire-tapping swindle, and realized \$35,000 ten years ago by announcing that Krupp Gun had won a race at Long Branch over Dwyer Brothers' Ripple. In Farmington, Me., he and his companions swindled a farmer out of \$2,000 by the "gold-brick" swindle. He worked the railroads from St. Louis to New Orleans a few years ago, and realized over \$2,000. The prisoner was accustomed to go to Paris and buy cheap paintings, which he had fixed up after the style of the old masters. These he palmed off upon such men as Huntington and Vanderbilt. At one time he kept an art store in New-port under the name of F. C. Cray, London.

ASPHYXIATED HIMSELF.

Suicide of a Well-Known Boot and

Shoe Jobber at Boston. BOSTON, April 10 .- Nathan D. Clark, of the firm of Clark, Hutchinson & Co., boot and shoe jobbers, was found dead in his room, at the Copley-square Hotel, to-day, the gas jets being wide open and the door edges backed with cloth. Mr. Clark came from his home, in Allston, early yesterday and hired a room. He was not seen afterward, but nothing was thought of his failure to appear till Mrs. Clark came to the hotel to inquire if he had engaged a room On reaching his room she was unable to fice, saying there was an odor of gas near room and she feared something was wrong. The transom was forced open, and the body of Mr. Clark was found lying across the bed, apparently asleep. The winlows and doors had been carefully stopped with cloth and towels, and the very strong odor of the gas showed it had been running a long time. No letters or papers were left Mr. Clark seemed tired when he arrived at the hotel and his health, which has been failing him for several years, has been source of worriment. He recently returne balanced mind. No one saw Mr. Clark after he entered his room, and it is probable he began the arangements death as soon as he was left alone. He was about forty-five years of age, and was well known in the business world.

Suicide of an English Doctor. SPARTA, O., April 10.-Excitement prevalls here over the suicide of Dr. F. T Fletcher, M. R. C. V. S., C. E., of England He was found dead in his office with a revolver at his side and a bullet wound back of the left ear. He came from a good family in England and is said to be heir to a big estate in England. Business reverses up-

JOHNSON AND WATSON HAVE NOT "MADE UP" THEIR DIFFERENCES.

Incident in the House of Representatives That Was Wrongfully Interpreted by the Reporters.

JOHNSON'S STATEMENT

HIS REASONS FOR REFUSING TO AC-CEPT PROFFERED FRIENDSHIP.

Congressman Watson's Brief Comment -The Fortifications Bill-Caucus on Immigration Measures.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, April 10.-Representative Johnson sat at his desk in the House of Representatives yesterday morning reading some letters. A voice at his side said to AT MADRID

"Good morning, Mr. Johnson." Mr. Johnson looked up and saw Representative Watson standing by his desk. His right hand was stretched to greet Mr. Johnson. The latter ignored the proferred saluta-

"Won't you take my hand?" said Mr. Watson; "do you refuse to shake hands with

his friendship. Now let Mr. Johnson con-"Without any invitation from me, Mr.

Watson sat down by my side and commenced to converse with me. I stopped him, and then proceeded, without either passion or levity, and in a plain, straightforward manner, to tell him exactly what I thought of him and the methods he had employed against me in the canvass just closed, and gave him my reasons for refusing to shake hands with him. It is not necessary for me to repeat what was said in the conversation. Indeed, I regret to have to refer to the incident at all. I should not have done so but for the false coloring given to it. It is probably wiser to let all such matters drop. I am not disposed to be vindictive, but when I have won my nomination fairly and by the use of honorable methods over the peculiar kind of a fight that was made against me, I confess that I am indignant to hear myself falsely characterized as a minority candidate and have it erroneously reported that I carrie Fall creek township, in Henry county, by a trade with local candidates. I shall throw no obstacles in Mr. Watson's way, nor do I ask my friends to share my opinion of him; but I cannot and will not permit him to pose as my friends, nor put me in the attitude of condoning acts which I thought despicable when they were committed and which I recently denounced from the stump in the

county of Henry." No comment or addition is needed to these words of Mr. Johnson's. The Journal correspondent sought out Mr. Watson for his statement of the encounter.

"There is really nothing for me to say." replied Mr. Watson. "I offered Mr. Johnson my hand and he refused to accept it. I have nothing to add to this plain state-

ment of what occurred." A curious feature of this entire episode, which may find a sequel at the district nominating convention, when Mr. Johnson will be present to address the delegates from all the counties in which the late campaign was waged, was the calmness with which it occurred. Mr. Johnson made charge after charge, explaining to Mr. Watson why any reconciliation between them was forever impossible, and yet the two men sat side by side, apparently chatting so dispassionately that a curious story was cirulated to the effect that the two men had met, shaken hands and were the best of friends. As a matter of fact their differences can never be reconciled.

FOR FORTIFICATIONS.

House Committee Authorizes an Expenditure of \$11,384,000.

WASHINGTON, April 10. - The House ed the bill for fortifications and other works of defense, for armament and for heavy ordnance for trial and service for the fiscal year, which begins next July. The bill recommends specific appropriations amounting to \$5,842,000, and in addition authority is given to the Secretary of War to make contracts for the further expenditure of \$5,542,000 by the engineer and ordnance departments, making a total auhorized expenditure of \$11,384,000. The War Department estimates, on which the bill is based, amounted to \$8,045,000, so that it is considerable increase over those esti-

The report accompanying the bill, made by Mr. Hainer, of Nebraska, says: "During the Forty-ninth Congress no appropriations were made on account of fortifications, he twelve fiscal years from 1875 to inclusive, the appropriations on this account averaged only \$540,750 per annum, and only \$463,500 per annum for the fourteen years including 1887 and 1888, for which two fiscal years no specific appropriations were made." The bill reported contains appropriations in continuance of the policy adopted by the Fiftieth Congress and by the Fifty-first, Fifty-second and Fiftythird congresses. The appropriations by said acts for the eight fiscal years from 1889 to 1896 aggregate \$22,489,224, or an average of \$2,811,128 per annum. The appropriations in the present bill are ows: Gun and mortar batteries, 000; sites for fortifications, preservation and repair of fortifications, \$60,000; sea walls and embankments, \$17,975; orpedoes for harbor defense, \$100,000; armament for fortifications, \$5,502,673; proving ground, Sandy Hook, N. J., \$38,000; Watertown (Mass.) arsenal, \$43,500; ordnance and fortification board, \$100,000.

Much interesting information was given to he committee by General Flagler, chief of ordnance, regarding the government's armament. According to the estimates made some time ago by the fortifications board, the number of guns and mortars required for he armament of the principal ports are: Forty-four sixteen-inch guns, 245 twelve-inch. 257 ten-inch and 137 eight-inch. Of this out-fit there have been completed 460 twelve-inch, 65 ten-inch and 63 eight-inch guns. It is esequire twelve years' time, with an annual ppropriation for guns and their carriages of 718,00). General Flagler asked for an apopriation for a chemist to investigate the said that none of the numerous varieties of the smokeless powders or high explosives on the market are satisfactory for military use. The problem of finding a suitable smokeless powder for service and a bursting charge for high explosive shells was one that the de-partment was working to solve.

GRAIN AND LIVE STOCK.

Department of Agriculture. WASHINGTON, April 10 .- The Department of Agriculture's report on the condition of winter grain and health of live stock April 1, 1896, shows: Consolidated reports from townships, county and State corre-

spondents show a condition of winter wheat in nine leading States as follows: Pennsylvania, 64; Ohio, 56; Michigan, 82; Indiana, 77; Kentucky, 70; Illinois, 81; Missouri, 75; Kansas, 88; California, 91. Average for the entire country, 77.1; last year, 81.4, and 86.7 in 1894. The condition of rye was: In New York, 91; in Pennsylvania, 78; in Wisconsin, 77; average for the entire country, 82.9. Dry weather at seeding time, from which scarcely a county was exempt, largely retarded or BARON VON SCHRADER SERIOUSLY WOUNDED BY COUNT VON KOTZE. ly a county was exempt, largely retarded or prevented germination. Throughout the

winter grain producing region the winter covering of snow was exceptionally scanty. Rye suffered in most States less than Result of the Anonymous Letters That Rye suffered in most States less than wheat. Drought in early winter and alternate freezing and thawing afterward greatly injured the crop east of the Mississippi. In Nebraska, Kansas and westward there was tess winter killing than usual, owing to the mid season and present conditions are reported favorable. The Hessian fly is reported in a very few counties along the Atlantic slope.

Condition of horses, 97.6; of cattle, 98; of sheep, 98.5; of swine, 93.3; last year's figures being 96.6, 94.6, 95.5 and 92, from which an improvement is shown in every case. Of horses, 2 per cent, are reported as having Charged German Court Officials and

Royalty with Immoralities.

THIRD MEETING OF THE KIND

IF VON KOTZE HOLDS OUT.

Effort to Suppress Dr. Friedman's "A iest in the important Mississippi river States, Illinois, Iowa and Missouri, all reporting 20 per cent. or over. The lower mortality of cattle and sheep is explained by the mild winter; the percentage of deaths from exposure having fallen from last year's, 2.1 and 2.9, to 1.1 and 2. Revelation from Above,"Which Contains Many Startling Disclosures.

BERLIN, April 10.-There was a sensation in court and military circles here this morning when it was announced that another duel growing out the of the great court anonymous letter scandals had taken place in the woods near Potsdam and that Baron Von Schrader, master of the ceremonies of the Prussian court, had been shot and seriously wounded by Count Von Kotze. The latter around the Capitol for the past month, but | was formerly court chamberlain and was tried and acquitted on the charge of being the author of the anonymous communications. Count Von Kotze and Baron Von Schrader fought with pistols and the latter me?"

"I certainly do refuse," replied Mr. Johnson. "Under no circumstance will I shake hands with you."

Mr. Johnson turned away from Mr. Wat
"I certainly do refuse," replied Mr. Johnson turned away from Mr. Wat
"I certainly do refuse," replied Mr. Johnson turned away from Mr. Johnson turned away from Mr. Wat
"I certainly do refuse," replied Mr. Johnson New York cigarmaker, she said, with tears in her eyes, and went to Cuba at the outbreak of the war, leaving her penniless. She spoke with a slightly foreign accent that lent color to her story.

She said-liked small departions and as she promptly gathered at his bedside. Count Von friends say he will surrender to the authorities whenever and wherever called on to do

> This is the third duel of the series of about a dozen for which challenges were sent out iast April by Count Von Kotze, and he has repeated to-day his announcement of his determination to keep on fighting his enemies one by one, until he has settled accounts with all on his list. Those who know Count Von Kotze feel confident that he will keep

The scandals which gave rise to this series of duels began nearly five years ago. when high court personages, male and female, old and young, began receivchairman of the Republican caucus of the ing anonymous letters or postal cards House, has called a caucus of the Republiccalling their attention to this or that an members of the House for to-morrow escapade on their own part or on the part night. The caucus was called at the writ- of relatives or friends. As a result, wives became separated from their husbands, and fathers and mothers discarded their children. Nearly every one of importance being smirched more or less by the venom of the anonymous writer, who was evidently a person thoroughly familiar with all the detalls by Mr. W. A. Stone, of Pennsylvania, requires consular certificates of the qualificaof court life. People began to look askant at their best friends. Every effort was made by the police to discover the guilty party. but in spite of this, the anonymous tormento of a woman, but gradually this opin suspicion fastened itself on Count Von Kot one of the court chamberlains, a popu man, well liked by the Emperor and trusted by all his friends. Finally a volunteer spy denounced him to the court authorities on the ground that on the blotting paper of a lepad used by the Count he had found a reproduction of one of the anonymous com-munications, a postal card. Thereupon Von Kotze was arrested and confined in the fortess. On trial he was acquitted of the the case of fifteen contestants and contes-

THE FINGER OF SUSPICION. While Von Kotze was in prison the tide of sympathy turned decidedly in his direction. Ugly whispering was heard on all sides, his arrest was openly denounced as an outrage and the names of a number of very high court personages, inculding Duke Ernest Gunther, of Schleswig-Holstein, the brother-in-law of Emperor William. In fact, some persons even had the audacity to cast the sidelights of suspicion on mittee on reform in the civil service to-day higher person than Duke Gunther, though, reported favorably a bill authorizing any it would seem, without any just ground for member or the secretary of the Civil-service Commission, in the course of an investiga-

Waen Count Von Kotas was release from prison he promptly sent out chal-lenges to about a dozen of those whom he believed to have been implicated in a place to ruin him in order to save the reputation to ruin him in order to save the reputation of the rule has been appropriate to rule him in order to save the may Von Kotze were Baron Von Reichsha court marshal to the ex-Empress Freder of Germany; Baron Von Schrader, mas of ceremonies of the Prussian court; Pri Von Fuerstenberg, Prince Aribert halt, and Prince Albert of Saxe-Al that Von Kotze had challenged Duke Er nest Gunther of Schfeswig-Holstein, bu this has been denied and is not believed by

purpose of the bill was to raise the age of consent for females in all Territories under etween Count Von Kotze and Baron Vo e exchanged until one of the contesta continue firing. Seven shots were changed, with the result that both Count and the Baron had more or less. wounds. But at the eighth taken to a hospital, and for some time his attending physicians pronounced that he would live they coupled this statement with the remark that he would be crippled for life. This is practically the case, although Count walks with greater case that was expected. There was some sending Count Von Kotze and his of to prison for fighting the duel, but was so much popular sympathy for Kotze that the Emperor overlooked the matter on the Count's reported promise to give up his plans of fighting the rest o

However, in June last, Von Kotze Baron Von Schrader on the field of he the fortress of Glutz, and on July 13 reated with the greatest cons and it was again reported on his that he had promised not to fight a duel. By this time Von Kotze had quite a popular hero, and his enemies very uncomfortable.

FRITZ FRIEDMAN'S FLIGHT It is possible that this would have been Commander Booth-Tucker Will Visit the last of the series of dues had it not been for an unlooked for event. Counsel for Von Kotze, on his trial, was one of the most NEW YORK, April 10.-Commander Bal- famous lawyers in Berlin, Dr. Fritz Friedman, and to the latter the court chamberlain intrusted a bundle of important documents to be used in drawing up the case for the defense. Besides, in preparing this work it was necessary to employ detectives and make many secret inquiries. All this data remained in Dr. Friedman's possession and is yearly income was estimated to be

ars, was the daughter of a lar, and he had been leading

COMING TO INDIANA.

ndians holding land by allotment

This State Next Week.

lington Booth, of the Volunteers, reached his headquarters, in the Bible House, from Chicago, this afternoon. Regarding the desertion of Major Glen, Commander Booth said: "Poor Glen. I am sorry for him. He will be regarded by all as a strange man.'
Commander and Mrs. Booth-Tucker, o
the Salvation Army, left this city to-day
for Chicago. Major Lewis, private secre
tary to Mrs. Booth-Tucker, will join then to this city. His wife and Major Lewis about in the slums of New York and vicin-ity and see for himself how the work is

Expelled from the Thirteen Club. NEW YORK, April 10.-At a meeting